



# Historical Treasure Hunt

**Level of difficulty: history buff**

## ANSWERS

**1**

Match each of these architectural styles with a building on the tour:

Italian Villa: St. André's Church rectory

Gothic: St. André's Church

Four-Square: Georges-André Godue house at 77, Principale North

American Vernacular: John Draper house at Draper Hill, built in 1862 or Dyer Shepard Store built in 1843

Colonial English cottage: Horace P. Sweet house at Draper Hill, built in 1834

Georgian cottage: McClarty house, at 1091 Alderbrooke

English Neo-classical: Olmstead farm, at 110 Jordan Rd

Second Empire: McDonald House, 1 Pleasant St.

Neo-Grecian: Town Hall (first building)

Rationalist: The Foyer de Charité Villa Châteauneuf (former Sisters of the Presentation of Mary convent)

Calvary and Olivet Churches combine two main architectural influences: the neoclassical style and the Gothic Revival style. So, we didn't include them in the answers.





- 2** Which well-known figure from Quebec history helped the Sisters of the Presentation of Mary obtain land for the enlargement of their school? Brother André, founder of the Oratory of St. Joseph in Montreal and future saint
- 3** What did girls learn at the Sisters of the Presentation of Mary convent in the early 20th century, in addition to some academic subjects? Home economics, which included sewing, cooking, budgeting and gardening
- 4** What was the first industrial business to be established in Sutton? Godue Cas-kets, on Maple Street, and whose owner lived at 77 Principale North St.
- 5** Which house featured in the tour is the only one in Sutton bearing this unique architectural feature: crafted wooden cornice brackets? Georges-André Godue house, at 77 Principale North St.
- 6** In 1842, the majority of the population in the Township of Sutton was English-speaking; however, many Catholic francophones and Protestant anglophones intermarried. What was the percentage of mixed Catholic and non-Catholic marriages in the area at this time? One third, or roughly 33%
- 7** What kind of mining took place near Draper Hill, and which tools were used by the miners? Copper mining, done with pick and shovel
- 8** The Township of Sutton's first town council continued an old British tradition when it appointed Horace P. Sweet to a special role. What was his title? Overseer of the poor



**9** Why was it common for Protestant families to donate land to be used as a cemetery? Because Protestant families don't need their dead to be buried on consecrated land

**10** Name three businesses that were operating in North Sutton in the 19th century. Cheese factory; general store; slate quarry; shoemaker; carriage maker; carpenter; insurance agent; blacksmith (and post office).

**11** What are three outbuildings (buildings other than the house) you might expect to find on a 19th-century homestead in the Township of Sutton? Barn; stables; blacksmith shop; dairy shed; henhouse; piggery

**12** A dispute over which infrastructure caused Sutton Flats to secede from the Township of Sutton to become the Town of Sutton? The water supply

**13** If Le Pleasant Hotel & Café is open: What special brand of coffee is served every morning? If it's closed: Name three features that made McDonald house a luxurious one according to 19th-century standards. Hot and cold water taps, toilet, bathtub and drinking trough for the horses and cows in the barn

**14** The town hall tower clock was dedicated to whom in 1949? To Sutton soldiers who lost their lives in the Great War (the First World War)

